

## **CE 650**

# **Biodiesel plant**



screen mirroring is possible on different end devices

#### Description

- chemical transesterification
- two-stage process
- plant controlled via PLC and touch panel
- integrated router for operation and control via an end device and for screen mirroring on additional end devices: PC, tablet, smartphone

The use of renewable energy carriers in the mobility sector can happen by replacing fossil fuels. One option is biodiesel, which is obtained from vegetable oils. It is produced by adding methanol and potassium hydroxide (as catalyst) and is a transesterification, a chemical equilibrium reaction. On a large industrial scale, production is carried out continuously in stirred tank reactors. This process is demonstrated on a small scale by the CE 650 experimental plant.

The chemical reaction takes place at temperatures of around 60°C. The products leave the reactor after a predefined dwell time. The products are a two-phase mixture: A biodiesel-rich phase and a phase with by-products. The by-products are pumped out of the following phase separator. The options for the biodiesel-rich phase are: Return to the reactor, second transesterification stage, methanol recovery (distillation)

and biodiesel washing (absorption).

The biodiesel-rich phase contains residual amounts of methanol, potassium hydroxide and vegetable oil, in addition to the biodiesel. The remaining vegetable oil is reacted in the second transesterification stage. The methanol is distilled off in the methanol recovery stage. Residual amounts of the catalyst are removed in the biodiesel washing stage. Then the products are stored.

The rate of transesterification is dependent on the reaction time and the temperature. The chemical equilibrium is shifted by the separation of the byproducts. The biodiesel produced is analysed in the laboratory. The process parameters can be varied to investigate the dependencies.

The experimental plant is controlled by a PLC via touch panel. By means of an integrated router, the system can alternatively be operated and controlled via an end device. The user interface can also be displayed on additional end devices (screen mirroring). Via the PLC, the measured values can be stored internally. Access to stored measured values is possible from end devices via WLAN with integrated router/LAN connection to the customer's own network.

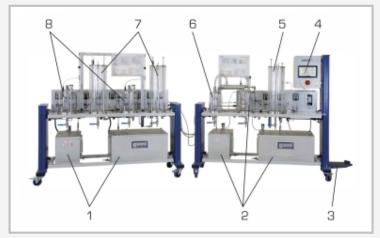
#### Learning objectives/experiments

- production of biodiesel from vegetable oil
  - ▶ influence of dwell time
  - ▶ influence of temperature
- chemical transesterification
- phase separation in the gravity field
- distillation
- liquid-liquid extraction
- approach of a continuous process consisting of several basic operations
- screen mirroring: mirroring of the user interface on end devices
  - menu navigation independent of the user interface shown on the touch screen
  - different user levels available on the end device: for observing the experiments or for operation and control

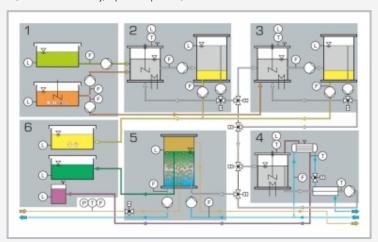


# **CE 650**

## **Biodiesel plant**



1 storage tank, 2 storage, 3 gas cylinder holder, 4 PLC with touch panel, 5 biodiesel washer, 6 methanol recovery, 7 phase separator, 8 reactor



Process schematic of the experimental plant 1 supply, 2 transesterification 1<sup>st</sup> stage, 3 transesterification 2<sup>nd</sup> stage, 4 methanol recovery, 5 biodiesel washing, 6 storage



Start screen of the PLC for operation of the experimental plant

#### Specification

- chemical transesterification of vegetable oils
- [2] two-stage, continuous process
- [3] two heated stirred tank reactors for chemical transesterification
- two phase separators for separating products and by-products
- methanol recovery (distillation) to reduce the amount of methanol required
- [6] biodiesel washing (absorption) to extract impurities from the biodiesel
- [7] variation of process parameters to investigate the dependencies of biodiesel production
- [8] PLC for controlling the plant
- [9] touch panel for operating the PLC
- [10] data acquisition via PLC on internal memory, access to stored measured values via WLAN with integrated router/ LAN connection to customer's own network

### Technical data

#### PLC: Eaton XV303

#### Tanks

- stirred tank reactors: 2x 5L
- storage tank (vegetable oil): 110L
- storage tank (chemicals): 45L
- product tank: 110L
- by-product tank: 45L
- methanol tank: 6L
- phase separator/biodiesel washer: 3x 15L

Peristaltic pumps: max. 25L/h

#### Measuring ranges

- temperature: 6x 0...100°C
- pressure: 1x 0...6bar (abs.)
- flow rate: 11x 0...30L/h
- level:
  - ▶ 3x 1...22cm
  - ▶ 2x 1...29cm

230V, 50Hz, 1 phase

230V, 60Hz, 1 phase; 120V, 60Hz, 1 phase

UL/CSA optional

1x LxWxH: 1900x790x1700mm 1x LxWxH: 2200x790x1700mm

Weight: approx. 560kg

### Required for operation

vegetable oil, potassium hydroxide, methanol, nitrogen 0,06kg/h, min. 2bar; water connection + drain 400L/h, min. 2bar; exhaust air + ventilation 245m<sup>3</sup>/h

### Scope of delivery

- experimental plant
- set of instructional material